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United States Department of Agriculture,

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY,

L. O. HOWARD, Entomologist and Chief of Bureau.

REQUIREMENTS TO BE COMPLIED WITH BY NURSERYMEN OR OTHERS WHO MAKE INTERSTATE SHIPMENTS OF NURSERY STOCK.¹

By A. F. BURGESS,

Secretary of the American Association of Horticultural Inspectors.

For the information of nurserymen or other persons who desire to ship nursery stock to points outside the States in which their nurseries are located a brief statement of the requirements is given herewith. Changes are continually being made on account of the enactment of new laws or the amendment of old ones, and modifications of the regulations of different States are made from time to time by the authorities in charge of the enforcement of the laws. For the convenience of nurserymen who may wish to write to the officials in charge of inspection work the names and addresses of the latter are given.

Alabama.—Persons shipping stock into the State must file a signed duplicate certificate of inspection and obtain official tags, which must be placed on each shipment, in addition to a copy of the certificate. Cost of tags, 60 cents per hundred, or \$2.25 per thousand. Five cents per hundred must be added for postage. Mr. R. S. Mackintosh, State Horticulturist, Auburn, Ala. (Act of 1903.)

Arizona.—No nursery-inspection law.

Arkansas.—Shipments must bear a certificate of inspection. Mr. C. F. Adams, State Inspector, Fayetteville, Ark. (Act of 1903.)

California.—Shipments of stock sent into the State are subject to inspection and must bear the name of the consignor and consignee and a statement of where the stock was grown. Notice of shipments should be made to Hon. Ellwood Cooper, Commissioner of Horticulture, Sacramento, Cal.

Colorado.—Stock subject to inspection by county inspectors, who are appointed by the State Board of Horticulture, Denver, Colo. (Amended act of 1897.)

Connecticut.—Shipments of stock into the State must bear certificates of inspection, issued by a State or Government officer, and a statement by

¹ Drafted by Mr. Burgess from a collection of the State laws against injurious insects, compiled by the Entomologist and soon to be published as a bulletin of the Bureau.

the owner that they have been thoroughly fumigated. Dr. W. E. Britton, State Entomologist, New Haven, Conn. (Amended act of 1903.)

Delaware.—Shipments into the State must be accompanied with official certificates of inspection. Mr. Wesley Webb, Dover, Del. (Amended act of 1901.)

Florida.—No law. Inspections made and certificates issued to local nurserymen by Prof. E. H. Sellards, Entomologist, Agricultural Experiment Station, Lake City, Fla.

Georgia.—Shipments into the State must be accompanied with certificates of inspection and copies of the official tags of the State Board of Entomology. These may be obtained by submitting a duplicate of the official certificate of inspection and a statement that all stock shipped into the State will be properly fumigated. Tags are furnished at cost. Mr. R. I. Smith, State Entomologist, Atlanta, Ga. (Act of 1900.)

Hawaii.—Shipments are subject to the regulations of the Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry and are subject to inspection and quarantine on arrival at Honolulu, which is the only port where they are allowed to be landed. For application blanks for inspection and special information, address Hon. C. S. Holloway, Secretary, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Idaho.—Persons desiring to sell or ship stock into this State must file a bond in the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) with the State Board of Horticulture, conditioned on the faithful compliance with the requirements of the law, and secure a permit to do business in the State. Shipments must bear official certificates of fumigation, and the name of the grower and consignee must appear on the package. Mr. A. F. Hitt, State Horticultural Inspector, Boise, Idaho.

Illinois.—Shipments into the State must be accompanied with certificates of inspection. Dr. S. A. Forbes, State Entomologist, Urbana, Ill. (Act of 1899.)

Indiana.—Shipments sent into the State must be accompanied with certificates of inspection for the current year. Prof. J. Troop, State Entomologist, LaFayette, Ind. (Act of 1899.)

Iowa.—Shipments sent into the State must be accompanied with official certificates of inspection. Prof. H. E. Summers, State Entomologist, Ames, Iowa. (Act of 1898.)

Kansas.—No law. Inspections of local nurseries made and certificates issued by Prof. E. A. Popenoe, State Nursery Inspector, Manhattan, Kans.

Kentucky.—Shipments into the State must be accompanied with official certificates of inspection. Prof. H. Garman, State Entomologist, Lexington, Ky. (Act of 1897.)

Louisiana.—Shipments sent into the State must be accompanied with

certificates of inspection. Mr. Wilmon Newell, State Entomologist, Baton Rouge, La. (Act of 1903.)

Maine.—Shipments sent into the State must bear official certificates of inspection, or affidavits that the contents have been fumigated in a manner approved by the State Inspector at the shipping point. Hon. A. W. Gilman, Commissioner of Agriculture, Augusta, Me. (Act of 1905.)

Maryland.—Stock sent into the State must bear the name of the consignor and consignee and a certificate of inspection. Duplicate certificates should be filed with the State Entomologist. Prof. T. B. Symons, State Entomologist; Prof. J. B. S. Norton, State Pathologist, College Park, Md. (Act of 1898.)

Massachusetts.—Stock sent into the State must bear a certificate of inspection or an affidavit of fumigation. Dr. H. T. Fernald, State Nursery Inspector, Amherst, Mass. (Act of 1902.)

Michigan.—Nurserymen selling stock in this State must pay a license fee of five dollars (\$5) and furnish a bond of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with satisfactory sureties. Shipments must be accompanied with certificates of inspection and, if of species subject to the attack of the San Jose scale, certificates by the nurserymen that the stock has been properly fumigated. Prof. L. R. Taft, State Inspector of Orchards and Nurseries, Agricultural College, Mich. (Act of 1897.)

Minnesota.—Stock shipped into the State must bear a certificate of inspection. Prof. F. L. Washburn, State Entomologist, St. Anthony Park, Minn. (Act of 1903.)

Mississippi.—No nursery-inspection law.

Missouri.—Stock shipped into the State must be accompanied with official certificates of inspection. Prof. J. M. Stedman, State Entomologist, Agricultural Experiment Station, Columbia, Mo.

Montana.—Before selling stock in the State a license must be secured, which will be issued on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25), and a bond of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) must be filed. Stock shipped into this State will be unpacked and fumigated at quarantine stations. Previous notice of all shipments should be sent to Mr. Fred Whiteside, Secretary, State Board of Horticulture, Butte, Mont. (Act of 1899.)

Nebraska.—No nursery-inspection law. Local nurseries inspected and certificates issued by Prof. Lawrence Bruner, Acting State Entomologist, Lincoln, Nebr.

Nevada.—No law.

New Hampshire.—Stock shipped into the State must bear a certificate of inspection or a statement containing an affidavit that it has been properly fumigated. Prof. E. D. Sanderson, State Nursery Inspector, Durham, N. H. (Act of 1903.)

New Jersey.—Stock shipped into the State must be accompanied with a certificate of inspection and a statement from the shipper that it is a part of the stock inspected and whether it has been fumigated with hydrocyanic-acid gas. Dr. John B. Smith, State Entomologist, New Brunswick, N. J. (Act of 1903.)

New Mexico.—No law relating to nursery inspection.

New York.—Nursery stock shipped into the State must be accompanied with an official certificate of inspection and must be fumigated before being sold or planted. Hon. Charles A. Wieting, Commissioner of Agriculture, Albany, N. Y. (Act of 1903.)

North Carolina.—Shipments sent into this State must bear official certificates of inspection and should be fumigated and a statement to that effect signed and attached by the consignor. Duplicate certificates must be filed with the State Entomologist. Franklin Sherman, jr., State Entomologist, Raleigh, N. C. (Act of 1897.)

North Dakota.—No law.

Ohio.—Shipments must be accompanied with official certificates of inspection or fumigation. Agents and dealers must file sworn statements as to the sources from which their stock is obtained. Mr. A. F. Burgess, Chief Inspector, Department of Agriculture, Columbus, Ohio.

Oklahoma.—The owners of nurseries who wish to ship stock into the Territory are required to make an application for a permit. A statement is then secured from the inspector who examined the stock, and if this is satisfactory a permit is issued. Shipments must be accompanied with copies of the official certificate and the official tags of the Oklahoma Board of Agriculture. Tags are furnished for 75 cents for the first hundred and 30 cents for each additional hundred. Agents are required to carry a copy of the permit of their principals and a statement from said principals that they are authorized to transact business. Hon. C. A. McNabb, Secretary, Board of Agriculture, Guthrie, Okla. (Act of 1905.)

Oregon.—Stock subject to inspection on arrival at quarantine stations. Mr. George H. Lamberson, Secretary, State Board of Horticulture, Portland, Oreg. (Amended act of 1905.)

Pennsylvania.—All shipments entering the State must be accompanied with certificates of inspection and certificates of fumigation. Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, Harrisburg, Pa. (Act of 1905.)

Porto Rico.—Nursery stock will be received only through three ports of entry, namely, San Juan, Ponce, and Mayaguez, and must be accompanied with an official certificate of inspection. It is subject to inspection by local inspectors on arrival at said ports of entry. Inspectors are appointed by the Governor.

Rhode Island.—Shipments must be accompanied with certificates of inspection or affidavits of fumigation. Mr. A. E. Stene, State Nursery Inspector, Kingston, R. I. (Act of 1904.)

South Carolina—A duplicate certificate of inspection must be filed with the State Entomologist and an official tag of the State Board of Entomology secured by nurserymen desiring to ship stock into the State. This tag and an official certificate of fumigation must be attached to all shipments. Prof. C. E. Chambliss, State Entomologist, Clemson College, S. C. (Act of 1903.)

South Dakota.—Shipments must be accompanied with certificates of inspection. Prof. W. A. Wheeler, State Entomologist, Brookings, S. Dak. (Act of 1905.)

Tennessee.—Stock shipped into the State must bear a certificate of inspection. Duplicate certificate must be filed with Prof. H. A. Morgan, State Entomologist, Knoxville, Tenn. (Act of 1905.)

Texas.—Duplicate certificates of inspection must be filed, and all shipments must bear certificates of inspection. Hon. W. J. Clay, Commissioner of Agriculture, Austin, Tex. (Act of 1905.)

Utah—Stock shipped into the State must bear a certificate stating that it has been properly fumigated before shipping. Hon. C. A. Hick-enlooper, Secretary, State Board of Horticulture, Salt Lake City, Utah. (Act of 1905.)

Vermont.—No law.

Virginia.—Duplicate certificates of inspection must be filed by nurserymen shipping stock into the State and official tags obtained from the Board of Crop Pest Commissioners; also a registration fee of twenty dollars (\$20) must be paid. Tags furnished at cost. Mr. J. L. Phillips, State Entomologist, Blacksburg, Va. (Amended act of 1903.)

Washington—Before soliciting or engaging in selling nursery stock in this State a bond of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and a license fee of five dollars (\$5) must be paid by nurserymen and a license fee of two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) by agents and dealers. Notice must be sent previous to the shipment of stock, giving the names of the nurserymen and the places at which it is to be delivered. Mr. A. Van Holderbeke, Commissioner of Agriculture, Tacoma, Wash. (Amended act of 1905.)

West Virginia.—All stock shipped into the State must be accompanied with an official certificate of inspection and a statement by the nurseryman that it has been properly fumigated. Agents or dealers who sell stock must secure a license from the assessor in the county where the stock is sold and pay a fee of ten dollars (\$10) to the sheriff of the county. Prof. J. H. Stewart, Director, Agricultural Experiment Station, Morgantown, W. Va. (Amended acts of 1903 and 1905.)

Wisconsin.—Stock shipped into the State must bear an official certificate of inspection. Prof. E. P. Sandsten, Agricultural Experiment Station, Madison, Wis. (Act of 1899.)

Wyoming.—Any person or firm wishing to do business in the State must first obtain a license. Licenses are issued on application, for a

period terminating on July 1 of the next succeeding inspection year (approximately two years). All applications must be accompanied by the license fee (\$25), a bond in the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) conditioned that the principal will faithfully obey the law of the State of Wyoming, and by a certified certificate of inspection from an authorized inspector in the State from which shipments are to be made. On receipt of these, the Secretary of the State Board issues authorized shipping tags (at cost). Nursery stock may not enter the State and transportation companies may not deliver unless such tags be attached to each and every box, bundle, or bale. The presence of the shipping tag shall be taken as prima facie evidence of inspection, and no further inspection is required, though the Board reserves the right to reinspect if for any cause it may deem it wise to do so. For circular of detailed information address Prof. Aven Nelson, Secretary, State Board of Horticulture, Laramie, Wyo. (Act of 1905.)

Canada —Shipments of stock into Canada are unpacked and fumigated by government inspectors and must arrive within the time specified at the following ports of entry: St. John, New Brunswick; St. Johns, Quebec; Niagara Falls and Windsor, Ontario; Winnipeg, Manitoba, from March 15 to May 15 and from October 7 to December 7. At Vancouver, British Columbia, from October 15 to March 15. Dr. James Fletcher, Dominion Entomologist, Ottawa, Ontario.

Approved:

JAMES WILSON,

Secretary of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *July 5, 1906.*

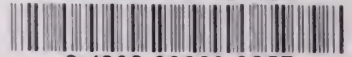


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